1	2	3
3.	Chhattisgarh	10
4.	Delhi	9
5.	Gujarat	23
6.	Haryana	4
7.	Himachal Pradesh	1
8.	Jharkhand	5
9.	Karnataka	26
10.	Kerala	14
11.	Madhya Pradesh	43
12.	Maharashtra	25
13.	Mizoram	8
14.	Orissa	3
15.	Punjab	1
16.	Rajasthan	32
17.	Tamil Nadu	30
18.	Tripura	4
19.	Uttaranchal	12
20.	Uttar Pradesh	30*
21.	West Bengal	17
22.	Chandigarh	1
23.	Lakshadweep	1
24.	Pondicherry	4
	TOTAL:	328

* CEP in six districts of Uttar Pradesh was approved but grants have not been released.

Students in the secondary schools

†2175. SHRI LAXMINARAYAN SHARMA:
SHRIMATI SUSHMA SWARAJ:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether any assessment has been made about the increase in number of students in secondary schools during 2007-08, as a result of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) the expected increase in the number of students in terms of percentage and the details of the infrastructure developed for the increase;

(c) whether there is a plan of the Central Government to open new secondary schools;

(d) whether there is any new plan to open new secondary schools;

(e) the facilities being provided to each of the States through EDUSAT; and

(f) whether the schools would be provided the assistance to acquire the facility of EDUSAT?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MD. ALI ASHRAF FATMI): (a) to (d) A Committee of the Central Advisory Board of Education (CABE), in their report on "Universalisation of Secondary Education" (June, 2005) has projected an enrollment of 3.48 crore in classes IX-X in 2007-08 based on 100% success of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), and an enrolment of 2.80 crore based on 75% success of SSA. The enrolment figure for classes IX and X for the year 2004-05 (as on 30.9.2004) as indicated in the Selected Educational Statistics prepared by this Ministry, was 2.43 crore. School education is primarily under the purview of the State Governments and, it is mainly for them to provide adequate infrastructure in secondary schools. Central Government is also committed to make secondary education of good quality available, accessible and affordable to all young persons and a concept note has been prepared for a scheme on universalisation of access to and improvement of quality of education at secondary stage during the Eleventh Five Year Plan.

(e) and (f) Following facilities are provided through EDUSAT by various agencies:

- University Grants Commission (UGC) and Consortium for Educational Communication (CEC) use EDUSAT network for live transmission of their classroom programme, which is received by all institutions having Satellite Interactive Terminals (SITs) or Receive Only Terminals (ROTs).
- All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) for sponsoring of telecast of programme through AICTE-EDUSAT network mostly for curriculum based teaching, conducting training programmes and seminars.
- Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU) for curriculum based education, teachers' training, professional educational courses and for conducting teleconferencing session for software content generation.
- NCERT is conducting interactive orientation/training programme of teachers and teachers' education.
- Department of Science and Technology (DST) is utilizing EDUSAT network for group discussions, lectures, demonstrations, video-shows, training and capacity building programmes.